Financial Results

Q3 FYE 3/2022

Summary of Consolidated Financial Results For the Nine-Month Period Ended December 31, 2021 (IFRS basis)

(April 1, 2021 – December 31, 2021)

*This document is an English translation of materials originally prepared in Japanese.

The Japanese original shall be considered the primary version.

Marubeni

(TSE Code: 8002)

Summary of Consolidated Financial Statements for the Nine-Month Period Ended December 31, 2021 (IFRS basis)

Company name: Marubeni Corporation (URL https://www.marubeni.com/en/) Code number: 8002

Listed: Tokyo

Representative: KAKINOKI Masumi President and CEO, Member of the Board

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Expected date of quarterly financial statement report : February 10, 2022

Expected date of the beginning of delivery of dividends :

Supplementary explanations of quarterly business results: Prepared

IR meeting on financial results:

To be held (for institutional investors and analysts)

1. Consolidated financial results for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021 (April 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021)

(Remarks)

Figures are rounded to the nearest million.

i) Consolidated business results							%: cna	nge irom	i the previous ils	scai year		
	Revenue	е	Operating p	orofit	Profit before	e tax	Profit for the	period	Profit attribute owners of the		Comprehen income for the per	•
Nine months ended December 31,	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)
2021	6,218,311	35.1	204,451	85.9	402,520	97.9	336,454	100.2	327,438	102.2	378,331	130.7
2020	4,604,397	(12.1)	109,987	0.0	203,401	_	168,020	-	161,969	_	163,985	-

	Earnings per share (basic)	Earnings per share (diluted)
Nine months ended December 31,	(yen)	(yen)
2021	187.19	186.87
2020	91.58	91.47

- (Note) 1. "Operating profit" are presented in accordance with Japanese accounting practice for investors' convenience and are not required by IFRS.

 "Operating profit" is the sum of "Gross trading profit" and "Selling, general and administrative expenses" including "Provision for doubtful accounts".
 - 2. "Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent" are based on "Profit attributable to owners of the parent" excluding the amount not attributable to ordinary shareholders.
 - 3. Due to earlier application of Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes (issued in May 2021), results for the nine-month ended December 31, 2020, have been re-presented retrospectively. Percentages of change from the previous fiscal year for the nine-month ended December 31, 2020 are not presented.

(2) Consolidated financial position

		Total assets	Total equity	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	Equity attributable to owners of the parent ratio	Equity per share attributable to owners of the parent	
ſ		(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(yen)	
	December 31, 2021	7,368,434	2,089,073	1,996,632	27.1	1,064.61	
	March 31, 2021	6,935,749	1,907,507	1,814,793	26.2	903.86	

(Note) Due to earlier application of Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes (issued in May 2021), figures as of Mar-31-2021, have been re-presented retrospectively.

2. Dividends information

ſ			Anual dividends per share				
		1st Quarter-end	2nd Quarter-end	3rd Quarter-end	4th Quarter-end	Annual	
ſ		(yen)	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)	
	FYE 3/2021	-	11.00	-	22.00	33.00	
	FYE 3/2022	-	25.50	-			
Ī	FYE 3/2022 (forecast)				32.50	58.00	

(Note) Changes from the latest announced forecasts: Yes

3. Consolidated earnings forecast for FYE 3/2022 (April 1, 2021 - March 31, 2022)

(Remarks)

% change from the previous fiscal year

	70. Glange nom the previous listed year					
	Profit attributable to owners	Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent (basic)				
	(millions of yen)	(%)	(yen)			
FYE 3/2022	400,000	79.2	228.62			

(Note) 1. Changes from the latest announced forecasts: Yes

- 2. For the details of the forecasts of consolidated earnings, please refer to P.15 "1. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Results for the Nine-month Period under Review, (3) Qualitative Information on Future Outlook Including Forecasts of Consolidated Financial Results" on the attached materials.
- 3. Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent (basic)" is based on "Profit attributable to owners of the parent" excluding the amount not attributable to ordinary shareholders
- 4. Due to earlier application of Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes (issued in May 2021), percentage of change from the previous fiscal year is calculated based on the figures that have been altered retrospectively.

*Notes

(1) Changes in principal subsidiaries during the period : None

(2) Changes in accounting principles and accounting estimates

①Changes in accounting principles required by IFRS : None ②Changes other than ① : Yes ③Changes in accounting estimate : None

(Note) Please refer to P.24 "2. Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes, (6) Changes in Accounting Principles" for details.

(3) Number of issued shares (Common shares)

 ①Number of issued shares at the end of the term
 December 31, 2021
 1,738,475,497

 (Treasury stock is included)
 March 31, 2021
 1,737,940,900

 ②Number of treasury stock at the end of the term
 December 31, 2021
 1,174,847

 March 31, 2021
 1,505,299

 ③Average number of outstanding shares during the term
 Nine months ended December 31, 2021
 1,736,620,686

 Nine months ended December 31, 2020
 1,736,203,100

- *The Summary of Consolidated Financial Statements for the Nine-Month Period is not subject to quarterly review by certified accountants or audit firms.
- *Descriptions relating to the proper use of financial forecasts and other special notes

(Notes to the description about future, other)

The descriptions about future such as the above forecasts are based upon available information and assumptions, as of the time of the announcement date, about uncertain factors which would influence future businesses. Actual results might be influenced materially by various factors in the future.

(How to access supplementary explanations on business results and the details of briefing on business results)

Supplementary explanations on business results will be made available on the Company's website on Thursday, February 3, 2022.

The Company is scheduled to hold an IR meeting on financial results for institutional investors and analysts on Thursday, February 3, 2022, and to post the transcript of the meeting together with the materials used at the briefing on the Company's website at the earliest possible time.

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1. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Results for the Nine-month Period under Review

From the second quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, the Marubeni Group moved to adopt earlier application of the amendments to International Accounting Standard 12 "Income Taxes" (hereinafter "IAS 12 "Income Taxes""). Year-on-year comparisons and analyses are based on figures to which the same accounting standard was retrospectively applied. The details of the changes in accounting principles are stated in the section "(6) Changes in Accounting Principles" in "2. Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes".

(1) Qualitative Information on Consolidated Business Results

The following is an overview of the economic environment for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021.

The world's two great economic powers—the U.S. and China—continued to demonstrate relatively strong economic growth, but consumer spending was limited in the U.S. owing mainly to the impact of COVID-19, while in China, there were phases during which business activity was weighed down by strict infection prevention measures and electric power shortages. The economic recovery in Europe continued, even though signs of a slowdown grew somewhat stronger towards the end of the year primarily because restrictions on activities were enforced in some countries to counteract the spread of infections. Meanwhile, in Japan and the emerging market economies of Asia, where there were noticeable delays in initial economic recovery, business activity gained momentum once restrictions were eased and/or lifted. All up, economic conditions differed from country to country owing chiefly to differences in the restrictions on activities that were enforced, but the global economy as a whole continued to demonstrate modest growth.

As for primary commodity prices, WTI crude oil remained generally high, climbing to its highest level since 2014 in July and then again in October. Copper and iron ore prices hit record highs in the first half before the latter plummeted in response to the announcement of iron and steel production cuts by the government of China, the world's largest importer of copper and iron ore. The price of copper also weakened somewhat on concerns about a Chinese economic downturn, but remained high on the back of tight market conditions owing to low inventory levels.

A notable trend during the period was price increases in many countries resulting from

supply constraints on raw materials and intermediate goods, as well as skyrocketing primary commodity prices. The Federal Reserve started scaling back its quantitative easing program in November, while policy interest rate hikes and other monetary tightening moves became more widespread in emerging market economies.

Under the aforementioned business environment, consolidated operating results for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, are as follows.

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Nine-month period ended December 31,	
	2020	2021	Variance
Revenue	4,604,397	6,218,311	1,613,914
Gross trading profit	498,524	646,766	148,242
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(385,188)	(441,313)	(56,125)
Provision for doubtful accounts	(3,349)	(1,002)	2,347
Operating profit	109,987	204,451	94,464
Interest expense - net of interest income	(9,738)	(7,639)	2,099
Dividend income	9,569	16,150	6,581
Other non-operating income	(815)	2,687	3,502
Gains on investment securities	1,133	9,310	8,177
Gains (losses) on property, plant and equipment	(112)	985	1,097
Other – net	(1,836)	(7,608)	(5,772)
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	94,398	186,871	92,473
Profit for the period before tax	203,401	402,520	199,119
Provision for income tax	(35,381)	(66,066)	(30,685)
Profit for the period	168,020	336,454	168,434
attributable to owners of the parent	161,969	327,438	165,469
Non-controlling interests	6,051	9,016	2,965

- (Note 1) Figures are rounded to the nearest million yen unless otherwise stated.
- (Note 2) "Operating profit" is presented in accordance with Japanese accounting practice for investors' convenience and is not required by IFRS. "Operating profit" is the sum of "Gross trading profit" and "Selling, general and administrative expenses" including "Provision for doubtful accounts" stated in Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.
- (Note 3) "Other non-operating income" is the sum of "Gains on investment securities", "Gains (losses) on property, plant and equipment" and "Other net" stated in Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Revenue

Revenue was up 1,613.9 billion yen (35.1%) from the year-earlier period to 6,218.3 billion yen. Mainly increased in *Agri Business* and *Energy* segments.

Gross trading profit

Gross trading profit increased 148.2 billion yen (29.7%) from the year-earlier period to 646.8 billion yen. Main increases and decreases by operating segment are the following.

-Agri Business: Increase of 65.9 billion yen

Profit increase in Gavilon's fertilizer business and Helena against the backdrop of strong demand for agri-input products and higher commodity prices

-Metals & Mineral Resources: Increase of 31.3 billion yen

Profit increase in the Australian coking coal business and the Australian and Canadian aluminum businesses in accordance with higher commodity prices

-Energy: Increase of 20.7 billion yen

Profit increase in the oil and gas E&P due mainly to higher crude oil and gas prices, etc.

-Power Business: Decrease of 32.8 billion yen

Provision for additional costs due to delay in construction and others in the EPC project in Taiwan

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 56.1 billion yen (14.6%) from the year-earlier period to 441.3 billion yen, due to an increase in personnel expenses following the improved earnings, Tokyo head office relocation costs, and a rebound from the voluntary restraint due to COVID-19.

Provision for doubtful accounts

Provision for doubtful accounts decreased 2.3 billion yen (70.1%) from the year-earlier period to 1.0 billion yen.

As a result, operating profit for the nine-month period under review increased 94.5 billion yen year on year (85.9%) to 204.5 billion yen.

Interest expense - net of interest income

Interest expense – net of interest income decreased 2.1 billion yen (21.6%) year on year to 7.6 billion yen.

Dividend income

Dividend income increased 6.6 billion yen (68.8%) year on year to 16.2 billion yen.

Non-operating other-net

Non-operating other – net improved 3.5 billion yen (-%) year on year to 2.7 billion yen.

Share of profits of associates and joint ventures

Share of profits of associates and joint ventures increased 92.5 billion yen (98.0%) from the year-earlier period to 186.9 billion yen. Main increase by operating segment is the following.

-Metals & Mineral Resources: Increase of 77.9 billion yen

Profit increase in the Chilean copper business, the Australian iron ore business, and the Australian coking coal business due to higher commodity prices, and profit increase in steel products business

As a result, profit before tax for the nine-month period under review increased 199.1 billion yen (97.9%) compared to the year-earlier period to 402.5 billion yen.

Provision for income tax

Provision for income tax increased 30.7 billion yen (86.7%) to 66.1 billion yen.

As a result, profit for the period increased 168.4 billion yen (100.2%) from the year-earlier period to 336.5 billion yen, and profit attributable to owners of the parent (net profit) for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, increased 165.5 billion yen (102.2%) year on year to 327.4 billion yen.

Results for each operating segment for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, are as follows.

<u>Lifestyle</u>

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Nine-month period ended December 31,		
	2020	2021	Variance	
Revenue	90,285	67,820	(22,465)	
Gross trading profit	13,548	12,953	(595)	
Operating profit	1,452	1,005	(447)	
Share of profits (losses) of associates and joint ventures	152	(102)	(254)	
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	1,398	961	(437)	

Gross trading profit decreased 0.6 billion yen (4.4%) year on year to 13.0 billion yen due to decrease in sales of clothing and others. Operating profit decreased 0.4 billion yen (30.8%) year on year to 1.0 billion yen. Share of losses of associates and joint ventures deteriorated 0.3 billion yen (- %) year on year to 0.1 billion yen. As a result, net profit decreased 0.4 billion yen (31.3%) year on year to 1.0 billion yen.

ICT & Real Estate Business

(Millions of yen)

			(IVIIIIOI IS OF YOU)
	Nine-month period e	nded December 31,	Variance
	2020	2021	variance
Revenue	256,426	267,562	11,136
Gross trading profit	83,155	82,065	(1,090)
Operating profit	19,942	15,073	(4,869)
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	605	2,152	1,547
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	14,669	11,849	(2,820)

Gross trading profit decreased 1.1 billion yen (1.3%) year on year to 82.1 billion yen due to lower domestic real estate sales. In addition, as a result of higher overhead expenses stemming from a rebound in operating activities previously suspended voluntarily in response to the impact of COVID-19 in the domestic mobile phone sales business, operating profit declined 4.9 billion yen (24.4%) year on year to 15.1 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures increased 1.5 billion yen (255.7%) year on year to 2.2 billion yen due to higher real estate sales in China. As a result, net profit increased 2.8 billion yen (19.2%) year on year to 11.8 billion yen.

Forest Products

(Millions of yen)

			(iviline or join)	
	Nine-month period e	Nine-month period ended December 31,		
	2020	2021	Variance	
Revenue	174,543	149,972	(24,571)	
Gross trading profit	18,693	32,201	13,508	
Operating profit	2,420	15,590	13,170	
Share of profits (losses) of associates and joint ventures	(1,699)	1,069	2,768	
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	(1,640)	8,881	10,521	

Gross trading profit increased 13.5 billion yen (72.3%) year on year to 32.2 billion yen as a result of profit increase in MUSI Pulp project due mainly to the improvement in pulp market prices and profit increase in wood-chip business. Operating profit increased 13.2 billion yen (544.2%) year on year to 15.6 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures improved 2.8 billion yen (- %) year on year to 1.1 billion yen, due to the non-recurrence of impairment loss posted on production equipment in the year-earlier period. As a result, net profit (loss) improved 10.5 billion yen (- %) year on year to positive 8.9 billion yen.

Food I

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	ended December 31,	Variance
	2020	2021	variance
Revenue	472,137	550,112	77,975
Gross trading profit	36,832	38,428	1,596
Operating profit	7,067	6,877	(190)
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	4,045	3,564	(481)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	8,425	12,123	3,698

Gross trading profit increased 1.6 billion yen (4.3%) year on year to 38.4 billion yen mainly owing to profit increase in marine product sales business. However, operating profit decreased 0.2 billion yen (2.7%) year on year to 6.9 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures decreased 0.5 billion yen (11.9%) from the year-earlier period to 3.6 billion yen due to profit decrease in domestic retail businesses. Nevertheless, net profit increased 3.7 billion yen (43.9%) year on year to 12.1 billion yen due to the gains from sale of the North American wild salmon business.

Food II

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Variance		
	2020	2021	vanance	
Revenue	473,713	588,581	114,868	
Gross trading profit	45,307	59,566	14,259	
Operating profit	26,453	38,797	12,344	
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	2,280	1,897	(383)	
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	18,267	30,708	12,441	

Gross trading profit increased 14.3 billion yen (31.5%) year on year to 59.6 billion yen due to the strong performance in the beef processing and sales business, etc. Operating profit increased 12.3 billion yen (46.7%) year on year to 38.8 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures decreased 0.4 billion yen (16.8%) year on year to 1.9 billion yen because of the profit decline in Chinese broiler chicken business. Net profit increased 12.4 billion yen (68.1%) year on year to 30.7 billion yen.

Agri Business

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Variance	
	2020	2021	variance
Revenue	2,065,399	2,980,256	914,857
Gross trading profit	140,274	206,203	65,929
Operating profit	31,711	76,372	44,661
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	3,673	3,129	(544)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	27,070	56,940	29,870

Gross trading profit increased 65.9 billion yen (47.0%) from the year-earlier period to 206.2 billion yen due to profit increases in Gavilon's fertilizer business and Helena against the backdrop of strong demand for agri-input products and higher commodity prices. Operating profit increased 44.7 billion yen (140.8%) year on year to 76.4 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures decreased 0.5 billion yen (14.8%) from the year-earlier period to 3.1 billion yen. As a result, net profit increased 29.9 billion yen (110.3%) year on year to 56.9 billion yen.

Chemicals

(Millions of yen)

			(iviline or join)
	Nine-month period ended December 31,		Variance
	2020	2021	variance
Revenue	283,473	412,523	129,050
Gross trading profit	29,286	30,684	1,398
Operating profit	13,927	14,777	850
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	1,060	1,654	594
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	12,344	12,889	545

Gross trading profit increased 1.4 billion yen (4.8%) year on year to 30.7 billion yen despite the non-recurrence of the strong olefin trade seen in the previous fiscal year, due to the overall favorable performances in other commodities. Operating profit increased 0.9 billion yen (6.1%) year on year to 14.8 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures increased 0.6 billion yen (56.0%) to 1.7 billion yen, due to the profit increase in synthetic rubber manufacturing and sales business. As a result, net profit increased 0.5 billion yen (4.4%) year on year to 12.9 billion yen.

Energy

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Nine-month period ended December 31,	
	2020	2021	Variance
Revenue	274,824	478,342	203,518
Gross trading profit	30,321	51,005	20,684
Operating profit	6,684	27,528	20,844
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	521	2,458	1,937
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	9,179	22,686	13,507

Gross trading profit increased 20.7 billion yen (68.2%) year on year to 51.0 billion yen, mainly as a result of the profit increase in the oil and gas E&P due mainly to higher crude oil and gas prices. Operating profit increased 20.8 billion yen (311.8%) year on year to 27.5 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures increased 1.9 billion yen (371.8%) from the year-earlier period to 2.5 billion yen. Net profit increased 13.5 billion yen (147.2%) year on year to 22.7 billion yen, despite the losses related to withdrawal from uneconomical fields in oil and gas E&P (US Gulf of Mexico), etc.

Metals & Mineral Resources

(Millions of yen)

			(italine et jein)
	Nine-month period ended December 31,		Variance
	2020	2021	variance
Revenue	215,419	323,888	108,469
Gross trading profit	13,165	44,449	31,284
Operating profit (loss)	(278)	30,130	30,408
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	36,393	114,298	77,905
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	35,411	133,856	98,445

Gross trading profit increased 31.3 billion yen (237.6%) year on year to 44.4 billion yen because of the profit growth in the Australian coking coal business and the Australian and Canadian aluminum businesses due to rising commodity prices. Operating profit (loss) improved 30.4 billion yen (- %) year on year to 30.1 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures increased 77.9 billion yen (214.1%) year on year to 114.3 billion yen as a result of profit increases in the Chilean copper business, the Australian iron ore business, and the Australian coking coal business due to higher commodity prices, and profit increase in steel products business. As a result, net profit increased 98.4 billion yen (278.0%) year on year to 133.9 billion yen.

Power Business

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Nine-month period ended December 31,	
	2020	2021	Variance
Revenue	125,299	168,364	43,065
Gross trading profit (loss)	14,182	(18,658)	(32,840)
Operating loss	(11,717)	(46,730)	(35,013)
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	20,385	21,636	1,251
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	10,617	(23,683)	(34,300)

Gross trading profit (loss) deteriorated 32.8 billion yen (-%) year on year to negative 18.7 billion yen, because of provision for additional costs due to delay in construction and others in the EPC project in Taiwan. Operating loss worsened 35.0 billion yen (298.8%) year on year to 46.7 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures increased 1.3 billion yen (6.1%) year on year to 21.6 billion yen mainly because of non-recurrence of impairment loss on IPP investment posted in the year-earlier period, notwithstanding one-time loss on the IPP business for the period under review. As a result, net profit (loss) deteriorated 34.3 billion yen (- %) year on year to negative 23.7 billion yen.

Infrastructure Project

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Variance	
	2020	2021	variance
Revenue	16,630	16,719	89
Gross trading profit	6,969	7,780	811
Operating loss	(3,974)	(3,943)	31
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	8,070	8,013	(57)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	5,297	6,049	752

Gross trading profit increased 0.8 billion yen (11.6%) year on year to 7.8 billion yen due to profit increase in overseas infrastructure projects. Operating loss stayed at the same level as the year-earlier period at 3.9 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures stayed at the same level as the year-earlier period at 8.0 billion yen. As a result, net profit increased 0.8 billion yen (14.2%) from the year-earlier period to 6.0 billion yen.

Aerospace & Ship

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Nine-month period ended December 31,		
	2020	2021	Variance	
Revenue	42,741	65,859	23,118	
Gross trading profit	10,147	24,108	13,961	
Operating profit	2,466	15,787	13,321	
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	2,677	4,131	1,454	
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	3,623	18,894	15,271	

Gross trading profit increased 14.0 billion yen (137.6%) year on year to 24.1 billion yen, because of profit growth in ship-related businesses owing to improvements in ship market conditions. Operating profit increased 13.3 billion yen (540.2%) year on year to 15.8 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures likewise increased 1.5 billion yen (54.3%) year on year to 4.1 billion yen, because of profit growth in ship-related businesses owing to improvements in ship market conditions. Consequently, net profit increased 15.3 billion yen (421.5%) year on year to 18.9 billion yen.

Finance & Leasing Business

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period ended December 31,		Variance
	2020	2021	valiance
Revenue	4,715	7,429	2,714
Gross trading profit	2,509	4,332	1,823
Operating loss	(3,477)	(2,669)	808
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	13,790	19,428	5,638
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	9,876	14,868	4,992

Gross trading profit increased 1.8 billion yen (72.7%) year on year to 4.3 billion yen, and operating loss improved 0.8 billion yen (23.2%) year on year to 2.7 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures increased 5.6 billion yen (40.9%) year on year to 19.4 billion yen, due to profit increase in the used car retail financing business in the USA, etc. Consequently, net profit increased 5.0 billion yen (50.5%) year on year to 14.9 billion yen.

Construction, Industrial Machinery & Mobility

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Variance	
	2020	2021	variance
Revenue	211,251	295,275	84,024
Gross trading profit	59,087	77,035	17,948
Operating profit	11,172	21,147	9,975
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	2,392	3,454	1,062
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	10,052	20,708	10,656

Gross trading profit increased 17.9 billion yen (30.4%) year on year to 77.0 billion yen, mainly as results of increase in number of sales of automobile related businesses and construction machinery businesses and others due to the easing of COVID-19. Operating profit increased 10.0 billion yen (89.3%) year on year to 21.1 billion yen. Share of profits of associates and joint ventures increased 1.1 billion yen (44.4%) year on year to 3.5 billion yen. In addition to the above, due to the one-time gain related to domestic solar power generation business, net profit increased 10.7 billion yen (106.0%) year on year to 20.7 billion yen.

Next Generation Business Development

(Millions of yen)

	Nine-month period e	Nine-month period ended December 31,		
	2020	2021	Variance	
Revenue	2,107	2,287	180	
Gross trading profit	1,311	1,516	205	
Operating loss	(1,750)	(1,631)	119	
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	87	20	(67)	
Loss attributable to owners of the parent	(1,592)	(677)	915	

Gross trading profit increased 0.2 billion yen (15.6%) year on year to 1.5 billion yen, and operating loss improved 0.1 billion yen (6.8%) year on year to 1.6 billion yen. In addition to the above, as a result of valuation gains on fund investment, net loss improved 0.9 billion yen (57.5%) year on year to 0.7 billion yen.

(Note 1) From the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, the former operating segments of "Food" has been divided into "Food I" and "Food II" segments, parts of "Energy" and "Infrastructure Project" have been reorganized, parts of "Infrastructure Project" and "Aerospace & Ship" have been incorporated into "Metals & Mineral Resources", a part of "Construction, Industrial Machinery & Mobility" has been incorporated into "Finance & Leasing Business".

In conjunction with these organizational changes, operating segment information for the year-earlier period has been reclassified.

(Note 2) Inter-segment transactions are priced in accordance with the prevailing market prices.

(2) Qualitative Information on Cash Flows and Consolidated Financial Position

① Cash Flows

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the nine-month period under review were 593.1 billion yen, a decrease of 152.8 billion yen from the end of the previous fiscal year.

(Operating activities)

Net cash provided by operating activities was 248.9 billion yen due to operating revenue and dividend income, despite the increases in working capital and others.

(Investing activities)

Net cash used in investing activities was 62.8 billion yen due mainly to the outflow of a capital expenditure in overseas businesses, despite the inflow from sales of investment securities.

As a result of the above-mentioned activities, free cash flow for the nine-month period under review was an inflow of 186.1 billion yen.

(Financing activities)

Net cash used in financing activities amounted to 345.3 billion yen as results of repayment of corporate bonds and borrowings, an optional repayment of the perpetual subordinated loan(*), and dividend payment.

2 Assets, Liabilities and Equity

(Billions of yen)

		-	(Billionio or you)
	March 31,	December 31,	Variance
	2021		Varianoc
Total assets	6,935.7	7,368.4	432.7
Net interest-bearing debt	1,687.9	1,752.2	64.3
Total equity	1,907.5	2,089.1	181.6
Net D/E ratio (times)	0.88	0.84	-0.04 points

(Note 1) Figures are rounded to the nearest hundred million yen unless otherwise stated.

(Note 2) Net interest-bearing debt is calculated as cash and cash equivalents and time deposits subtracted from the sum of corporate bonds and current and noncurrent borrowings.

Total assets at the end of the nine-month period under review increased 432.7 billion yen

from the end of the previous fiscal year to 7,368.4 billion yen. *Net interest-bearing debt* increased 64.3 billion yen from the end of the previous fiscal year to 1,752.2 billion yen, mainly due to the optional repayment of the perpetual subordinated loan(*) and dividend payment despite the increased free cash inflow. *Total equity* increased 181.6 billion yen from the end of the previous fiscal year to 2,089.1 billion yen, mainly as a result of increases in retained earnings by net profit accumulation and foreign currency translation adjustments due to Japanese yen depreciation, despite a decrease by the optional repayment of the perpetual subordinated loan(*). Consequently, *Net DE ratio* stood at 0.84 times.

(Note *) The Company made an optional repayment of a total of 100.0 billion yen on August 16, 2021, for the perpetual subordinated loan (total amount: 250.0 billion yen) which the Company financed on August 16, 2016.

To fund the optional repayment, the Company issued corporate hybrid bonds with a 75.0 billion yen total value (subordinated debt) on March 4, 2021, and withdrew 25.0 billion yen in total on August 16, 2021, from the hybrid loan facility (a subordinated commitment loan) with a total aggregate principal amount of 25.0 billion yen.

Perpetual subordinated loans are classified as equity instruments under IFRS. Therefore, as a result of the above repayment, total equity decreased 100.0 billion yen.

(3) Qualitative Information on Future Outlook Including Forecasts of Consolidated Financial Results

The net profit for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, amounted to 327.4 billion yen, with the progress to the full-year forecasts announced on November 2, 2021 (net profit of 350.0 billion yen) at 94%.

This is mainly due to the substantial earnings increase in Metals & Mineral Resources and Energy which resulted from the steady resource prices, in Agri Business which benefited from strong demand for agri-input products and higher commodity prices, also in Food II where the beef processing and sales business was robust.

In response to the above, the forecasts for fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, have been revised as follows:

	Forecast announced on November 2, 2021 (A)	Revised forecast (B)	Variance (B-A)	Variance in percentage (%)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent for FYE 3/2022 – Net profit (billions of yen)	350.0	400.0	50.0	14.3%
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent (basic) for FYE 3/2022 (yen)	199.82	228.62	28.80	14.4%

The Company's revised forecasts for the full-year net profit by segment and assumptions of major financial indicators for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, are as follows:

<Revised Forecasts for the Full-year Net Profit by Segment>

(Billions of yen)

	Forecast announced on Nov. 2, 2021 (A)	Revised forecast (B)	Variance (B-A)
Lifestyle	3.0	3.0	-
ICT & Real Estate Business	17.0	17.0	-
Forest Products	7.0	8.0	1.0
Food I	13.0	13.0	-
Food II	28.0	35.0	7.0
Agri Business	43.0	65.0	22.0
Chemicals	15.0	16.0	1.0
Energy	25.0	34.0	9.0
Metals & Mineral Resources	156.0	179.0	23.0
Power Business	3.0	(21.0)	(24.0)
Infrastructure Project	6.0	7.0	1.0
Aerospace & Ship	22.0	24.0	2.0
Finance & Leasing Business	17.0	18.0	1.0
Construction, Industrial Machinery & Mobility	23.0	26.0	3.0
Next GenerationBusiness Development	(1.0)	(1.0)	-
Other	(27.0)	(23.0)	4.0
Consolidated	350.0	400.0	50.0

<Assumptions of Major Financial Indicators for FYE 3/2022>

	Initial Assumption			Revised Assumption	
	(Nov-2-2021) (A)	Q1-Q3 FYE 3/2022 Actual	Q4 FYE 3/2022 Assumption	(Feb-3-2022) (B)	Change (B-A)
Oil WTI: USD/Barrel	67	71	80	73	6
Copper LME: USD/MT	9,200	9,533	9,800	9,600	400
JPY TIBOR 3M: %	0.1	0.06	0.1	0.1	-
USD LIBOR 3M: %	0.2	0.15	0.2	0.2	-
Foreign exchange rate (full-year average): USD/JPY	109	111.10	112	111	2

<Dividend>

As for the dividend, the Company adopts the basic policy to maintain targeted dividend payout ratio of '25% or more' of consolidated net profit reflecting the principle of linking dividends to the Company's business results for each fiscal year and to announce the minimum dividend for each fiscal year at the beginning of the fiscal year.

According to the revised consolidated net profit forecast as the above, the forecast for annual dividend per share for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, has been revised to 58.00 yen from 51.00 yen in the previous forecast (announced on November 2, 2021). As a result, the year-end dividend forecast per share have been revised to 32.50 yen from the previous forecast (announced on November 2, 2021) of 25.50 yen. (The interim dividend has already been paid at 25.50 yen per share.)

The revised annual dividend forecast of 58.00 yen per share is set as the minimum for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

<Share Repurchases and Cancellation of Treasury Stock>

To implement a flexible capital policy to enhance shareholders return and to improve capital efficiency, the Company has decided to repurchase shares of its common stock up to 30 billion yen or 35 million shares during the period from February 4 to April 28, 2022, through purchasing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

All shares repurchased excluding those to be delivered upon exercises of stock options (two million shares) are to be cancelled on May 20, 2022.

For the details, please refer to the Company release titled as "Notice Regarding Share Repurchases and Cancellation of Treasury Stock" announced today.

<New Medium-term Management Strategy>

Please refer to "GC2024 Medium-term Management Strategy (FYE 3/2023-FYE 3/2025)" released today.

(Disclaimer Regarding Forward Looking Statements)

The descriptions about future such as the above forecasts are based upon available information and assumptions, as of the time of the announcement date, about uncertain factors which would influence future businesses. Actual results might be influenced by various factors in the future.

2. Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes

(1) Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

		(1)	Millions of yen)
	March 31	December 31	<u> </u>
	2021	2021	Variance
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	745,858	593,060	(152,798)
Time deposits	113	813	700
Investment securities	6	9	3
Trade and loan receivables	1,057,245	1,155,602	98,357
Other current financial assets	341,928	486,840	144,912
Inventories	988,004	1,179,700	191,696
Assets held-for-sale	24,865	67,276	42,411
Other current assets	223,573	274,767	51,194
Total current assets	3,381,592	3,758,067	376,475
Non-current assets:			
Investments in associates and joint ventures	1,730,736	1,853,569	122,833
Other investments	256,621	253,245	(3,376)
Trade and loan receivables	94,803	89,200	(5,603)
Other non-current financial assets	89,205	146,127	56,922
Property, plant and equipment	1,001,853	911,733	(90,120)
Intangible assets	296,910	282,729	(14,181)
Deferred tax assets	22,170	11,939	(10,231)
Other non-current assets	61,859	61,825	(34)
Total non-current assets	3,554,157	3,610,367	56,210
Total assets	6,935,749	7,368,434	432,685

		(1)	Millions of yen)
•	March 31	December 31	<u> </u>
	2021	2021	Variance
Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities:			_
Bonds and borrowings	623,501	580,388	(43,113)
Trade and other payables	1,187,719	1,272,744	85,025
Other current financial liabilities	465,244	662,085	196,841
Income tax payable	14,998	24,363	9,365
Liabilities directly associated with assets held-for-sale	2,854	37,507	34,653
Other current liabilities	398,036	439,808	41,772
Total current liabilities	2,692,352	3,016,895	324,543
Non-current liabilities:			
Bond and borrowings	1,810,355	1,765,688	(44,667)
Trade and other payables	3,215	1,616	(1,599)
Other non-current financial liabilities	264,752	293,609	28,857
Accrued pension and retirement benefits	70,394	62,574	(7,820)
Deferred tax liabilities	95,498	90,494	(5,004)
Other non-current liabilities	91,676	48,485	(43,191)
Total non-current liabilities	2,335,890	2,262,466	(73,424)
Total liabilities	5,028,242	5,279,361	251,119
Equity:			
Issued capital	262,686	262,947	261
Capital surplus	143,667	143,574	(93)
Other equity instruments	243,589	145,657	(97,932)
Treasury stock	(772)	(587)	185
Retained earnings	1,067,377	1,279,184	211,807
Other components of equity: Gains (losses) on financial assets measured at			
fair value through other comprehensive income	43,864	73,969	30,105
Foreign currency translation adjustments	123,789	178,318	54,529
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	(69,407)	(86,430)	(17,023)
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	1,814,793	1,996,632	181,839
Non-controlling interests	92,714	92,441	(273)
Total equity	1,907,507	2,089,073	181,566
Total liabilities and equity	6,935,749	7,368,434	432,685

(2) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

			(M	illions of yen)
	Nine-month period	ended December 31,		
	2020	2021	Variance	Ratio (%)
Revenue:				
Sale of goods	4,524,384	6,128,454	1,604,070	35.5
Commissions on services and trading margins	80,013	89,857	9,844	12.3
Total revenue	4,604,397	6,218,311	1,613,914	35.1
Cost of goods sold	(4,105,873)	(5,571,545)	(1,465,672)	35.7
Gross trading profit	498,524	646,766	148,242	29.7
Other income (expenses) :				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(385,188)	(441,313)	(56,125)	14.6
Provision for doubtful accounts	(3,349)	(1,002)	2,347	(70.1)
Gains (losses) on property, plant and equipment				
Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment	(1,672)	(1,076)	596	(35.6)
Gains on sales of property, plant and equipment	1,560	2,061	501	32.1
Other – net	(1,836)	(7,608)	(5,772)	314.4
Total other income (expenses)	(390,485)	(448,938)	(58,453)	15.0
Finance income (expenses):				
Interest income	7,882	7,760	(122)	(1.5)
Interest expense	(17,620)	(15,399)	2,221	(12.6)
Dividend income	9,569	16,150	6,581	68.8
Gains on investment securities	1,133	9,310	8,177	721.7
Total finance income (expenses)	964	17,821	16,857	_
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	94,398	186,871	92,473	98.0
Profit for the period before tax	203,401	402,520	199,119	97.9
Provision for income tax	(35,381)	(66,066)	(30,685)	86.7
Profit for the period	168,020	336,454	168,434	100.2
Profit for the period attributable to:				
Owners of the parent	161,969	327,438	165,469	102.2
Non-controlling interests	6,051	9,016	2,965	49.0
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Other comprehensive income:	d			
Items that will not be retransferred to profit and loss for the perio	u			
Gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	9,638	(2,141)	(11,779)	_
Remeasurements of defined benefit pension plan	12,341	4,428	(7,913)	(64.1)
Changes in other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures	4,542	(2,998)	(7,540)	_
Items that will be retransferred to profit and loss for the period				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(9,531)	48,574	58,105	_
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	(4,254)	(21,313)	(17,059)	401.0
Changes in other comprehensive income of associates and	(16,771)	15,327	32,098	_
joint ventures Other comprehensive income, net of tax	(4,035)	41,877	45,912	
Total comprehensive income for the period	163,985	378,331	214,346	130.7
	,	-,	,	
Attributable to: Owners of the parent	158,448	368,903	210,455	132.8
Non-controlling interests	5,537	9,428	3,891	70.3
	_,~~.	-, - - -	-,	

(3) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

◆ The Nine-month Period Ended December 31, 2020 (April 1,2020 - December 31, 2020)

(Millions of yen)

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent								
						Other compon	Other components of equity		
	Issued capital	Capital surplus	Other equity instruments	Treasury stock	Retained earnings	Gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Foreign currency translation adjustments		
Balance at beginning of period	262,686	143,189	243,589	(1,172)	866,140	22,718	41,247		
Cumulative effects of new accounting policy adopted					(2,175)				
Profit for the period					161,969				
Other comprehensive income						14,119	(12,394)		
Purchases and sales of treasury stock		34		376					
Dividends payment					(49,481)				
Equity transactions with non- controlling interests and others		167			(68)				
Distribution to owners of other equity instruments					(1,972)				
Transfer to retained earnings					15,419	(3,270)			
Transfer to non-financial assets and others									
Balance at end of period	262,686	143,390	243,589	(796)	989,832	33,567	28,853		

	Ot	her components of equ	ity		Non-controlling	Total equity
	Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	Remeasurements of defined benefit pension plan	Other components of equity total	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	interests	rotal equity
Balance at beginning of period	(62,922)	_	1,043	1,515,475	89,125	1,604,600
Cumulative effects of new accounting policy adopted				(2,175)		(2,175)
Profit for the period				161,969	6,051	168,020
Other comprehensive income	(17,395)	12,149	(3,521)	(3,521)	(514)	(4,035)
Purchases and sales of treasury stock				410		410
Dividends payment				(49,481)	(6,152)	(55,633)
Equity transactions with non- controlling interests and others				99	1,447	1,546
Distribution to owners of other equity instruments				(1,972)		(1,972)
Transfer to retained earnings		(12,149)	(15,419)	_		_
Transfer to non-financial assets and others	1,030		1,030	1,030		1,030
Balance at end of period	(79,287)	_	(16,867)	1,621,834	89,957	1,711,791

◆ The Nine-month Period Ended December 31, 2021 (April 1,2021 - December 31, 2021)

(Millions of yen)

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent								
						Other compon	Other components of equity		
	Issued capital	Capital surplus	Other equity instruments	Treasury stock	Retained earnings	Gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Foreign currency translation adjustments		
Balance at beginning of period	262,686	143,667	243,589	(772)	1,067,377	43,864	123,789		
Profit for the period					327,438				
Other comprehensive income						(5,574)	54,529		
Share-based payment transactions	261	173							
Purchases and sales of treasury stock		33		185					
Dividends payment					(82,511)				
Equity transactions with non- controlling interests and others		1,769			90				
Distribution to owners of other equity instruments					(1,909)				
Redemption of other equity instruments		(2,068)	(97,932)						
Transfer to retained earnings					(31,301)	35,679			
Transfer to non-financial assets and others									
Balance at end of period	262,947	143,574	145,657	(587)	1,279,184	73,969	178,318		

	Ot	her components of equ	uity	_ , , , , , , , ,	Non-controlling	Total equity
	Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	Remeasurements of defined benefit pension plan	Other components of equity total	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	interests	Total equity
Balance at beginning of period	(69,407)	_	98,246	1,814,793	92,714	1,907,507
Profit for the period				327,438	9,016	336,454
Other comprehensive income	(11,868)	4,378	41,465	41,465	412	41,877
Share-based payment transactions				434		434
Purchases and sales of treasury stock				218		218
Dividends payment				(82,511)	(6,845)	(89,356)
Equity transactions with non- controlling interests and others				1,859	(2,856)	(997)
Distribution to owners of other equity instruments				(1,909)		(1,909)
Redemption of other equity instruments				(100,000)		(100,000)
Transfer to retained earnings		(4,378)	31,301	_		_
Transfer to non-financial assets and others	(5,155)		(5,155)	(5,155)		(5,155)
Balance at end of period	(86,430)	_	165,857	1,996,632	92,441	2,089,073

(4) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	(Millions of ye				
	Nine-month period e	ended December 31,	Variance		
	2020	2021	variance		
Operating activities			_		
Profit for the period	168,020	336,454	168,434		
Adjustments to reconcile profit for the period to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortisation	105,548	107,073	1,525		
Gains (losses) on property, plant and equipment	112	(985)	(1,097)		
Finance expenses (income)	(964)	(17,821)	(16,857)		
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	(94,398)	(186,871)	(92,473)		
Income taxes	35,381	66,066	30,685		
Changes in notes and trade accounts receivable	88,879	(49,504)	(138,383)		
Changes in inventories	(314)	(165,344)	(165,030)		
Changes in notes and trade accounts payable	(51,729)	58,047	109,776		
Other-net	(134,435)	(5,256)	129,179		
Interest received	7,406	6,481	(925)		
	•	•	3,893		
Interest paid Dividends received	(18,865)	(14,972)	•		
	88,647	158,681	70,034		
Income taxes paid	(23,124)	(43,138)	(20,014)		
Net cash provided by/used in operating activities	170,164	248,911	78,747		
Investing activities					
Net decrease (increase) in time deposits	26	(741)	(767)		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	4,337	8,246	3,909		
Proceeds from sale of investment property	_	2	2		
Collection of loans receivable	8,759	31,308	22,549		
Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalents disposed of	(478)	13,487	13,965		
Proceeds from sale of investments in associates and joint ventures, and other investments	56,868	45,411	(11,457)		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(94,978)	(72,434)	22,544		
Purchase of investment property	(90)	(340)	(250)		
Loans provided to customers	(26,131)	(42,572)	(16,441)		
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired	(18,787)	(4,076)	14,711		
Purchase of investments in associates and joint ventures, and other investments	(51,749)	(41,091)	10,658		
Net cash provided by/used in investing activities	(122,223)	(62,800)	59,423		
Financing activities					
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	216,402	30,515	(185,887)		
Proceeds from long-term bonds and borrowings	217,261	253,022	35,761		
Repayments of long-term bonds and borrowings	(304,205)	(434,523)	(130,318)		
Dividends paid to owners of the parent	(49,481)	(82,511)	(33,030)		
Net cash outflows on purchases and sales of treasury stock	(5)	(6)	(1)		
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests	667	907	240		
Acquisition of equity portion of subsidiary from non-controlling interests	(380)	(3,960)	(3,580)		
Distribution to owners of other equity instruments	(1,972)	(1,909)	63		
Redemption of other equity instruments	_	(100,000)	(100,000)		
Other	(6,168)	(6,846)	(678)		
Net cash provided by/used in financing activities	72,119	(345,311)	(417,430)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(3,281)	8,142	11,423		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	116,779	(151,058)	(267,837)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	522,523	745,858	223,335		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents resulting from transfer to assets held for sale	(595)	(1,740)			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	638,707	593,060	(1,145) (45,647)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of pendu	030,707	J93,000	(40,047)		

(5) Notes Related to Going Concern Assumptions

None

(6) Changes in Accounting Principles

Except for the changes disclosed below, significant accounting policies applied to the consolidated financial statements herein are identical to the accounting policies applied to consolidated financial statements for the previous fiscal year.

Newly Adopted Standards and Interpretive Guidance

The Marubeni Group moved to adopt earlier application of the following accounting standards effective from the second quarter of the current fiscal year.

Standard and Interpretive Guidance	Summary
IAS 12 "Income Taxes"	Clarification of accounting treatment for deferred
(amended in May 2021)	taxes relating to assets and liabilities arising
	from a single transaction

The application of IAS 12 "Income Taxes" (amended in May 2021) clarifies the accounting treatment upon initial recognition for transactions that result in taxable temporary differences and deductible temporary differences of the same amount at the time of the transaction. Taxable temporary differences and deductible temporary differences are recognized as deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets, respectively, in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

With the application of this standard, the consolidated financial statements for the previous fiscal year have been retrospectively re-presented. As a result, in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at the end of the previous fiscal year, assets decreased 3,209 million yen due to changes in deferred tax assets and investments in associates and joint ventures, liabilities increased 1,053 million yen due to the recognition of deferred tax liabilities, and equity decreased 4,262 million yen due to a change in retained earnings. Also, in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the nine months period ended December 2020, net income decreased 1,788 million yen due to changes in income taxes.

Note, however, that because the cumulative effect of applying the above-mentioned standard was reflected, the balance of retained earnings at the beginning of the previous fiscal year

has declined 2,175 million yen in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity.

Significant accounting policies relating to the abovementioned standard are as follows.

IAS 12 "Income Taxes"

Current tax

Income tax payable (or recoverable) at the end of the reporting period shall be calculated as the amount expected to be paid to, or returned from, the tax authorities. The statutory tax rate or effective statutory tax rate at the end of the reporting period is used to calculate the amount of tax.

Current tax related to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income shall be recognized under other comprehensive income. Current tax related to items that are recognized directly in equity shall be recognized directly under equity. The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries shall recognize the impact of tax positions in financial statements when it is most likely that, based on technical interpretation, the tax positions will be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities.

Income tax receivable and income tax payable shall be offset if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries shall recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the differences between the carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. The tax rate and tax laws that apply to the fiscal year in which the differences are settled shall be used to calculate deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax liabilities shall be recognized for taxable temporary differences, except for the following:

- · Initial recognition of goodwill
- Initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction which is not a business combination, and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable income and also does not result in taxable temporary differences and deductible temporary differences of the same amount at the time of the transaction
- Taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies or equity stakes in joint ventures when the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference

will not reverse in the foreseeable future

A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for deductible temporary differences, tax losses carried forward, and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized, unless the deferred tax asset arises from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination, and, at the time of transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable income and also does not result in taxable temporary differences and deductible temporary differences of the same amount at the time of the transaction.

Deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies or equity stakes in joint ventures shall be recognized as deferred tax assets only if it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable income will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets shall be reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets shall also be reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it is probable that the deferred tax assets will be collectible from future taxable income.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities shall be presented as non-current assets or non-current liabilities.

Deferred tax related to items that are recognized under other comprehensive income shall be recognized under other comprehensive income. Deferred tax related to items that are recognized directly in equity shall be recognized directly in equity. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities shall be offset only if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off income tax receivable against income tax payable and either of the following criteria is met:

- The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity
- The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on different taxable entities which intend either to settle income tax receivable and income tax payable on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(7) Segment Information

<Operating Segment>

◆ The Nine-Month Period Ended December 31, 2020 (April 1,2020 - December 31, 2020)

-									(Millions of yen)
	Lifestyle	ICT & Real Estate Business	Forest Products	Food I	Food II	Agri Business	Chemicals	Energy	Metals & Mineral Resources
Revenue	90,285	256,426	174,543	472,137	473,713	2,065,399	283,473	274,824	215,419
Gross trading profit (loss)	13,548	83,155	18,693	36,832	45,307	140,274	29,286	30,321	13,165
Operating profit (loss)	1,452	19,942	2,420	7,067	26,453	31,711	13,927	6,684	(278)
Share of profits (losses) of associates and joint ventures	152	605	(1,699)	4,045	2,280	3,673	1,060	521	36,393
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	1,398	14,669	(1,640)	8,425	18,267	27,070	12,344	9,179	35,411
Segment assets (as of March 31, 2021)	94,159	449,829	285,931	379,010	313,012	1,402,869	283,728	546,622	871,790

<u>.</u>	Power Business	Infrastructure Project	Aerospace & Ship	Finance & Leasing Business	Construction, Industrial Machinary & Mobility	Next Generation Business Development	Other	Consolidated
Revenue	125,299	16,630	42,741	4,715	211,251	2,107	(104,565)	4,604,397
Gross trading profit (loss)	14,182	6,969	10,147	2,509	59,087	1,311	(6,262)	498,524
Operating profit (loss)	(11,717)	(3,974)	2,466	(3,477)	11,172	(1,750)	7,889	109,987
Share of profits (losses) of associates and joint ventures	20,385	8,070	2,677	13,790	2,392	87	(33)	94,398
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	10,617	5,297	3,623	9,876	10,052	(1,592)	(1,027)	161,969
Segment assets (as of March 31, 2021)	741,162	227,780	265,651	341,219	353,782	16,598	362,607	6,935,749

◆ The Nine-Month Period Ended December 31, 2021 (April 1,2021 - December 31, 2021)

=									(Millions of yen)
	Lifestyle	ICT & Real Estate Business	Forest Products	Food I	Food II	Agri Business	Chemicals	Energy	Metals & Mineral Resources
Revenue	67,820	267,562	149,972	550,112	588,581	2,980,256	412,523	478,342	323,888
Gross trading profit (loss)	12,953	82,065	32,201	38,428	59,566	206,203	30,684	51,005	44,449
Operating profit (loss)	1,005	15,073	15,590	6,877	38,797	76,372	14,777	27,528	30,130
Share of profits (losses) of associates and joint ventures	(102)	2,152	1,069	3,564	1,897	3,129	1,654	2,458	114,298
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	961	11,849	8,881	12,123	30,708	56,940	12,889	22,686	133,856
Segment assets (as of December 31, 2021)	94,885	440,778	303,578	428,725	340,916	1,549,868	312,542	681,783	953,345

-	Power Business	Infrastructure Project	Aerospace & Ship	Finance & Leasing Business	Construction, Industrial Machinary & Mobility	Next Generation Business Development	Other	Consolidated
Revenue	168,364	16,719	65,859	7,429	295,275	2,287	(156,678)	6,218,311
Gross trading profit (loss)	(18,658)	7,780	24,108	4,332	77,035	1,516	(6,901)	646,766
Operating profit (loss)	(46,730)	(3,943)	15,787	(2,669)	21,147	(1,631)	(3,659)	204,451
Share of profits (losses) of associates and joint ventures	21,636	8,013	4,131	19,428	3,454	20	70	186,871
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent	(23,683)	6,049	18,894	14,868	20,708	(677)	386	327,438
Segment assets (as of December 31, 2021)	949,302	227,856	277,997	382,627	352,711	24,222	47,299	7,368,434

⁽Note 1) From FYE 3/2022, the former operating segments of "Food" has been divided into "Food I" and "Food II" segments, parts of "Energy" and "Infrastructure Project" have been reorganized, parts of "Infrastructure Project" and "Aerospace & Ship" have been incorporated into "Metals & Mineral Resources", a part of "Construction, Industrial Machinery & Mobility" has been incorporated into "Finance & Leasing Business". In conjunction with these revisions, operating segment information for the year-earlier period and March 31, 2021 has been reclassified.

(Note 2) "Operating profit (loss)" is presented in accordance with Japanese accounting practice for investors' convenience and is not required by IFRS. "Operating profit (loss)" is the sum of "Gross trading profit" and "Selling, general and administrative expenses" including "Provision for doubtful accounts".

⁽Note 3) Inter-segment transactions are priced in accordance with the prevailing market prices.

⁽Note 4) "Other" includes headquarters expenses that are not allocated to the operating segments and inter segment elimination, cash and cash equivalents related to financing held for general corporate purposes that are not allocated to the operating segments.

(8) Material Subsequent Events

Reorganization of Gavilon and Transfer of Gavilon's Shares

The Company's Board of Directors held on January 26, 2022, has resolved to transfer all shares of Gavilon Agriculture Investment, Inc. ("Gavilon") to a subsidiary of Viterra Limited ("Viterra"), following a reorganization of Gavilon's structure, and the contract of sale with Viterra was concluded on the same day. Currently, Gavilon is a subsidiary of Marubeni America Corporation ("MAC"), a 100% subsidiary of the Company, and its main businesses are the handling of grain and ingredients and fertilizer wholesaling in the United States. The transfer is subject to closing conditions and the required regulatory approvals, and is expected to close during the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023.

For the details, please refer to the Company release titled as "Announcement Regarding the Reorganization of Gavilon and Transfer of Gavilon's Shares" announced on January 26, 2022.